same neighboring landowner or strayed from the land where the livestock are kept on the same public road.

- 1. The local authority upon its own initiative or upon receipt of a complaint shall determine whether livestock are trespassing or straying from the land where the livestock are kept on a public road, and make a record of its findings.
- 2. a. Once a habitual trespass occurs, a neighboring landowner may request that the responsible landowner of the land where the trespassing or stray livestock are kept erect or maintain a fence on the land. The neighboring landowner shall make the request to the responsible landowner in writing. The responsible landowner may compel an adjacent landowner to contribute to the erection or maintenance of the fence as provided in chapter 359A.
- b. If the responsible landowner does not erect or maintain a fence within thirty days after receiving the request, the neighboring landowner may apply to the fence viewers as provided in chapter 359A as if the matter were a controversy between the responsible landowner and an adjacent landowner, and the matter shall be resolved by an order issued by the fence viewers, subject to appeal, as provided in chapter 359A. The neighboring landowner shall be a party to the controversy as if the neighboring party were an adjacent landowner. The neighboring landowner is not liable for erecting or maintaining the fence, unless the neighboring landowner is an adjacent landowner who is otherwise required to make a contribution under chapter 359A.
- 3. If the fence is not erected or maintained as required in section 359A.6, and upon the written request of the board of township trustees, the board of supervisors of the county where the fence is to be erected or maintained shall act in the same manner as the board of township trustees under that section, including by erecting or maintaining the fence, ordering payment from a defaulted party, and certifying an amount due to the county auditor. The amount due shall include the total costs required to erect or maintain the fence and a penalty equal to five percent of the total costs. The amount shall be placed upon the tax books, and collected with interest and penalties after due, in the same manner as other unpaid property taxes.

Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 359A.22A HABITUAL TRESPASS.

A landowner of land where livestock are kept or an owner of adjoining land shall be liable to erect or maintain a fence if the livestock trespasses upon the land of a neighboring landowner or strays from the land where the livestock are kept onto a public road, as provided in section 169C.6.

Approved April 16, 2007

CHAPTER 65

REPORTS BY BALLOT ISSUE POLITICAL COMMITTEES S.F.~351

AN ACT requiring a political committee expressly advocating the passage or defeat of a ballot issue to file five disclosure reports in an election year.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 68A.402, subsection 8, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows: 8. POLITICAL COMMITTEES — BALLOT ISSUES. A political committee expressly advo-

cating the passage or defeat of a ballot issue shall file reports as follows: on the same dates as a candidate's committee is required to file reports under subsection 2, paragraphs "a" and "c" and another report five days before an election covering the period from the previous report or date of initial activity through ten days before the election.

- a. ELECTION YEAR. Five days before the election covering the period of the date of initial activity through ten days before election.
- b. NONELECTION YEAR. On January 19 of the next calendar year that covers the time period of nine days before the election through December 31.

Approved April 16, 2007

CHAPTER 66

SPECIAL PROMOTIONAL NONRESIDENT DEER HUNTING LICENSES S.F. 477

AN ACT authorizing the issuance of additional special nonresident deer hunting licenses.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 483A.24, subsection 3, Code 2007, is amended to read as follows:

3. The director shall provide up to twenty-five seventy-five nonresident deer hunting licenses for allocation as requested by a majority of a committee consisting of the majority leader of the senate, speaker of the house of representatives, and director of the department of economic development, or their designees. The licenses provided pursuant to the subsection shall be in addition to the number of nonresident licenses authorized pursuant to section 483A.8. The purpose of the special nonresident licenses is to allow state officials and local development groups to promote the state and its natural resources to nonresident guests and dignitaries. Photographs, videotapes, or any other form of media resulting from the hunting visitation shall not be used for political campaign purposes. The nonresident licenses shall be issued without application upon payment of the nonresident deer hunting license fee and the wildlife habitat fee. The licenses are valid in all zones open to deer hunting. The hunter safety and ethics education certificate requirement pursuant to section 483A.27 is waived for a nonresident issued a license pursuant to this subsection.

Approved April 16, 2007